

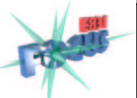
# Particles unseen in FOCUS

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*DPF 2004: Riverside, CA*



# The search list

## What was searched for:

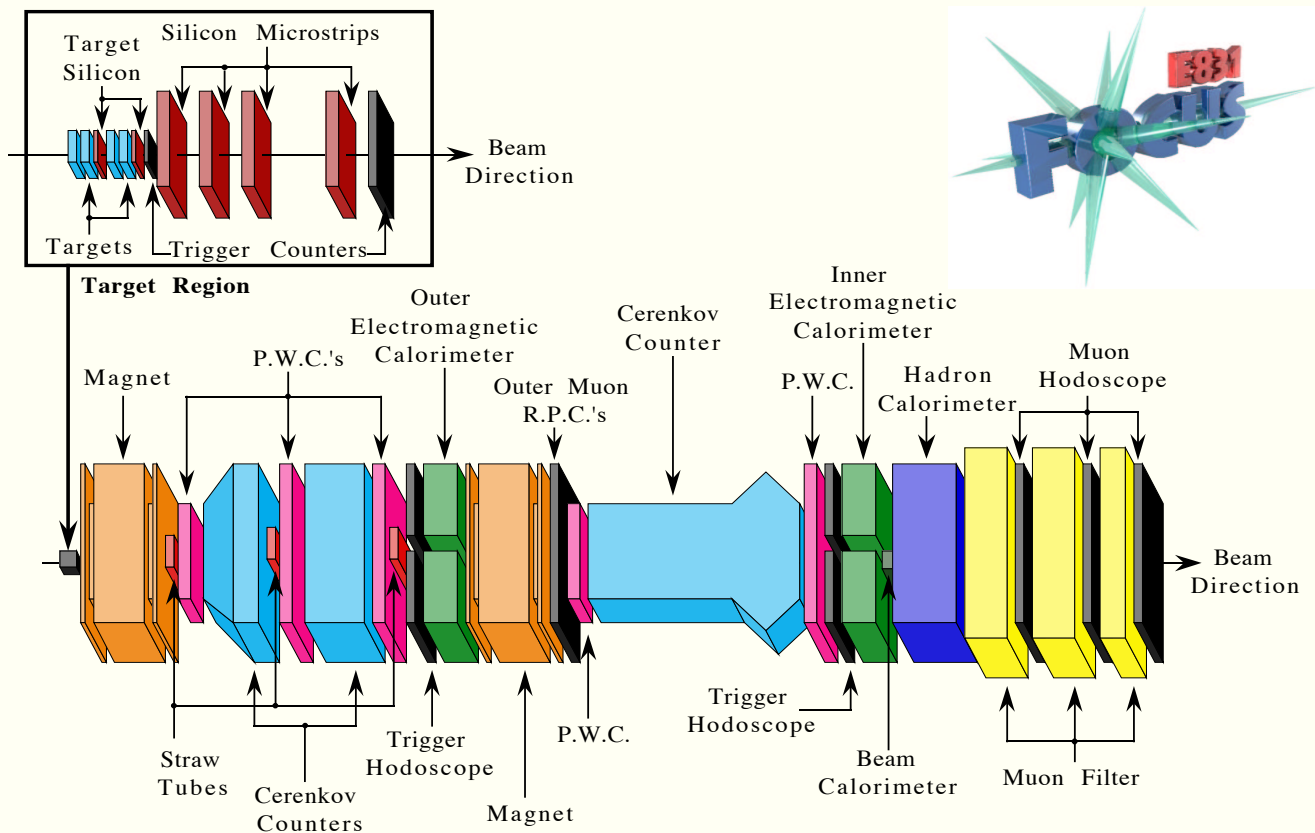
- $S = -1$  pentaquark  $\Theta(1540)^+$  with quark content  $uudd\bar{s}$
- $S = -2$  pentaquark  $\phi(1860)^{-}$  with quark content  $\bar{u}dds$
- Charm pentaquark  $\Theta_c(3100)^0$  with quark content  $uudd\bar{c}$
- Double charm baryons  $\Xi_{cc}$  with quark content  $ccu$  and  $ccd$

## Please note the following:

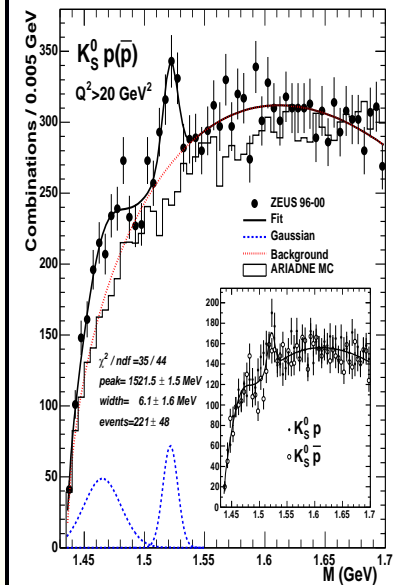
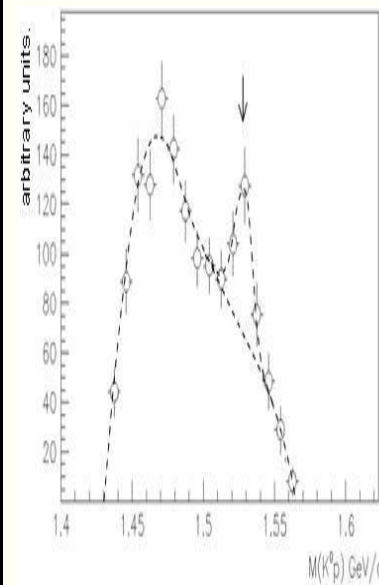
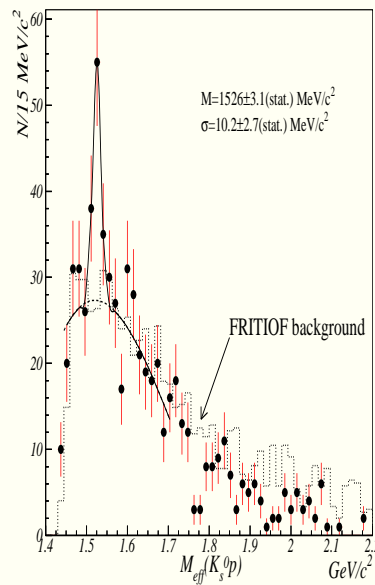
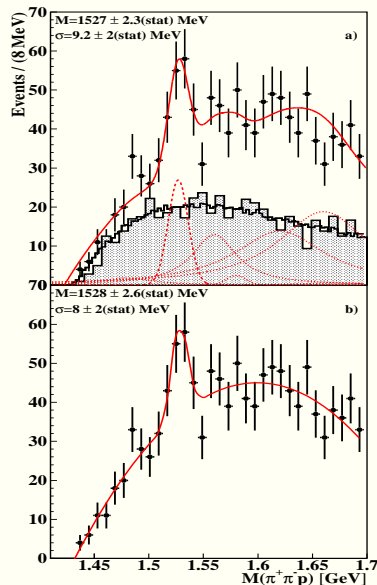
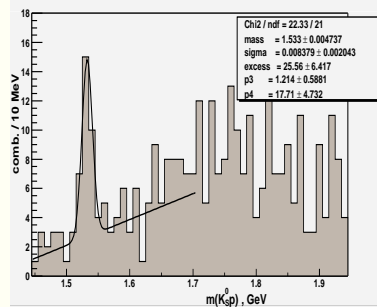
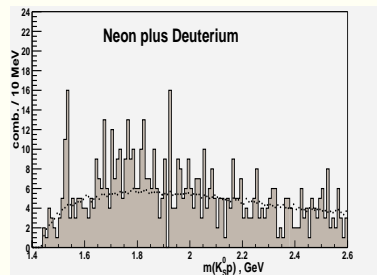
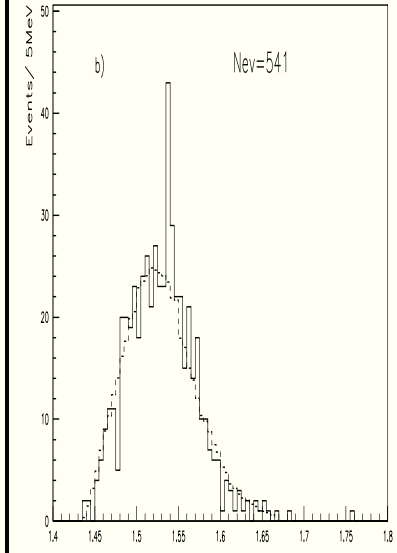
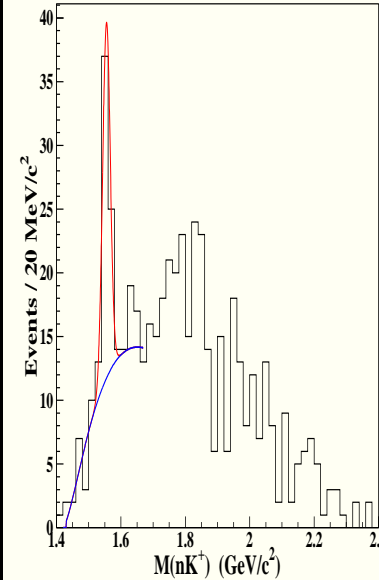
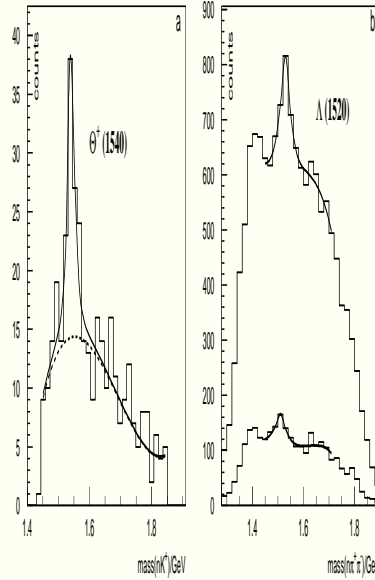
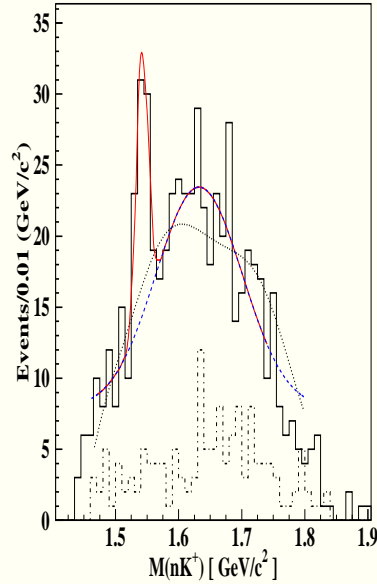
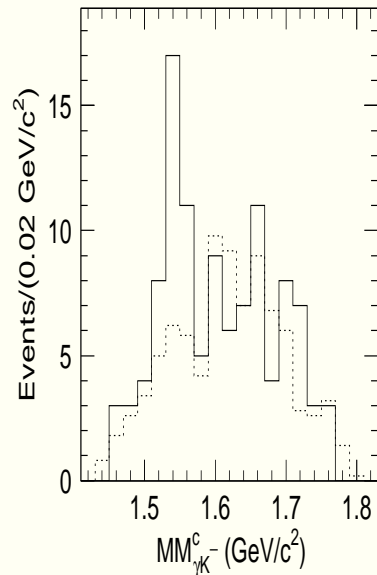
- All results are preliminary
- Charge conjugates are always implied

# The FOCUS experiment

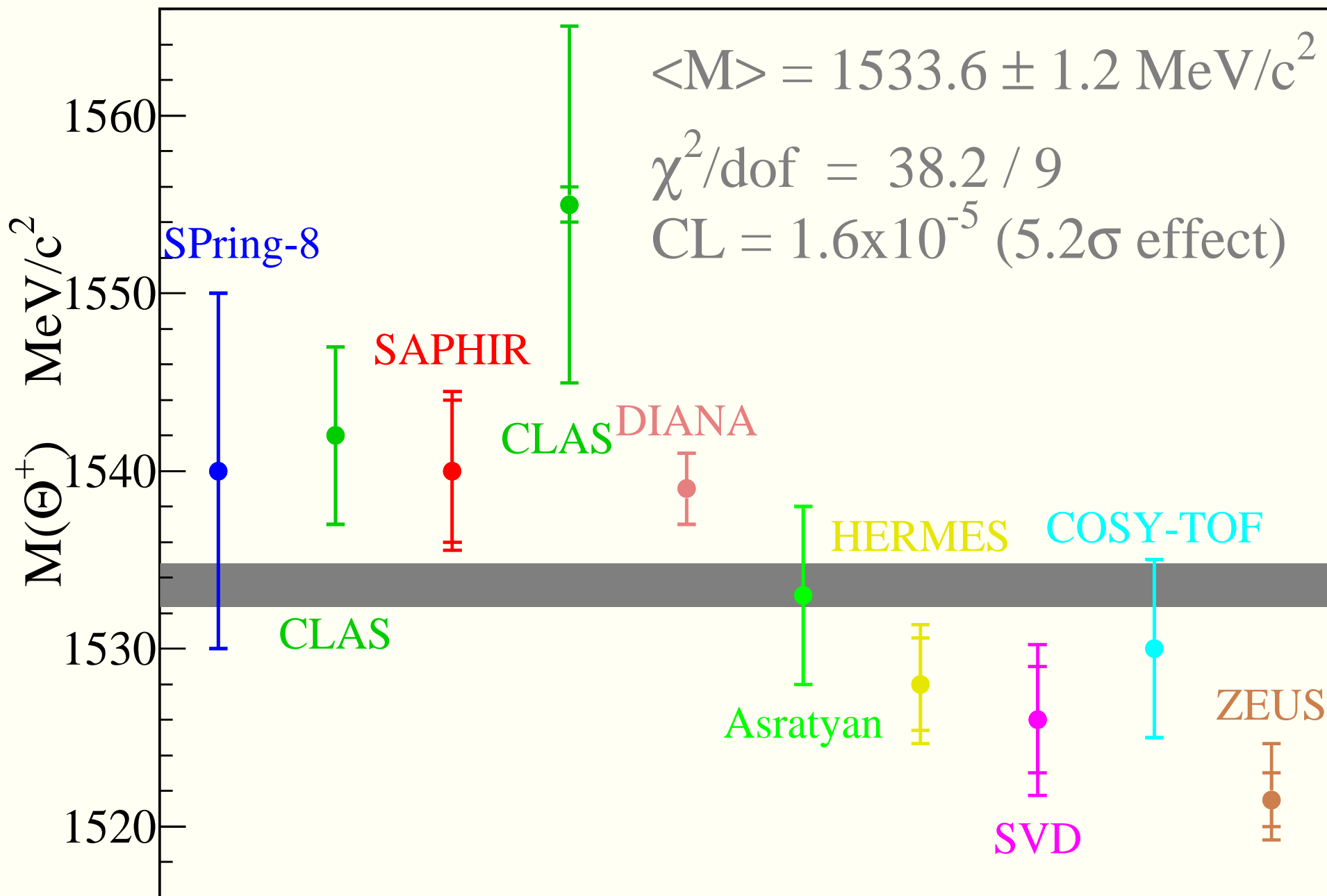
- FOCUS took data in the Fermilab fixed-target run of 1996-7
- $e^\pm$  at  $\sim 300$  GeV bremsstrahlung on lead target to create photon beam
- Photons interact in BeO targets
- Charged particles tracked and momentum analyzed with silicon strips, wire chambers, and two magnets
- Three multicell threshold Čerenkov counters for particle ID
- Trigger required  $\sim 35$  GeV of energy in the hadron calorimeter
- 7 billion hadronic events on tape



# Evidence for $\Theta^+(uudd\bar{s})$



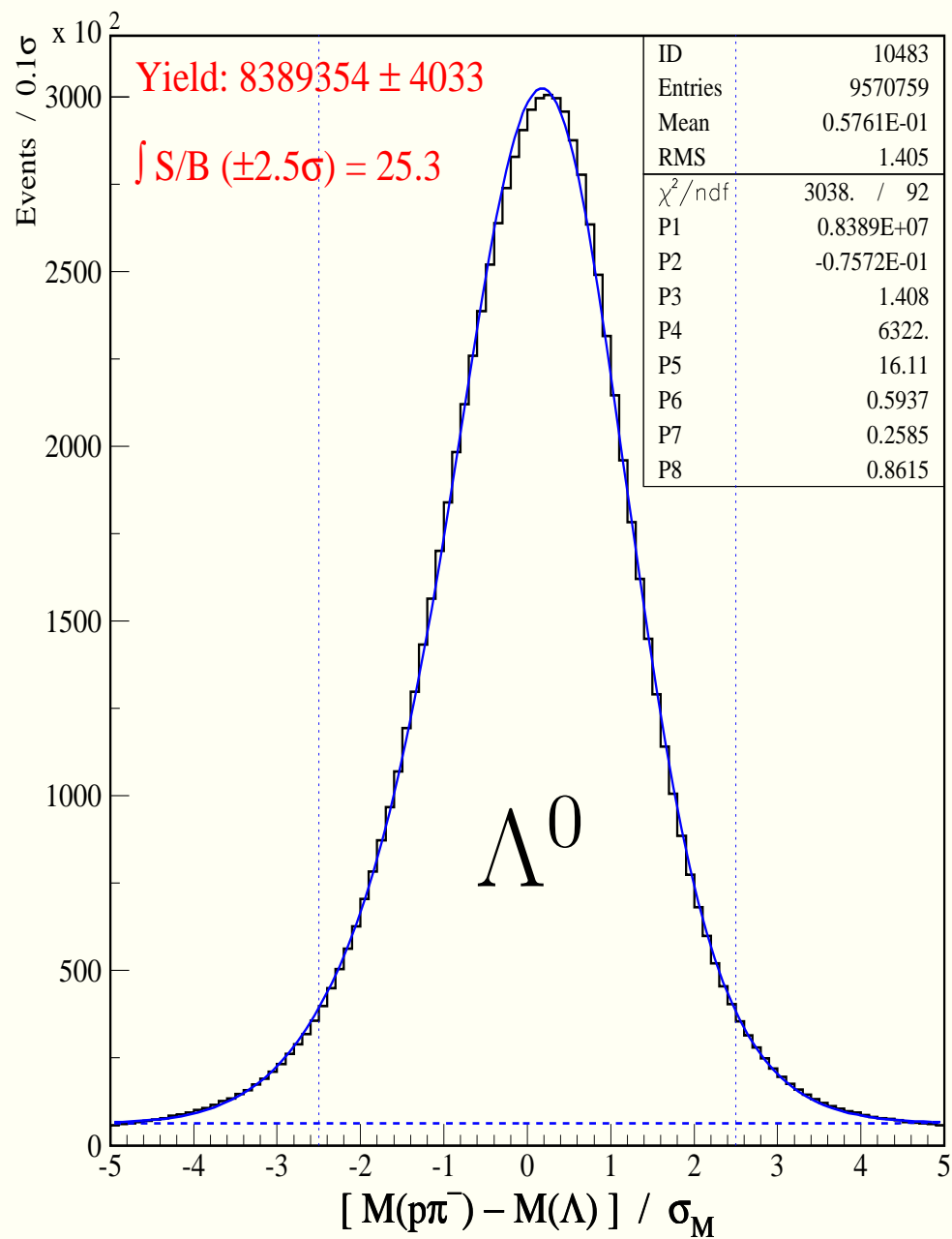
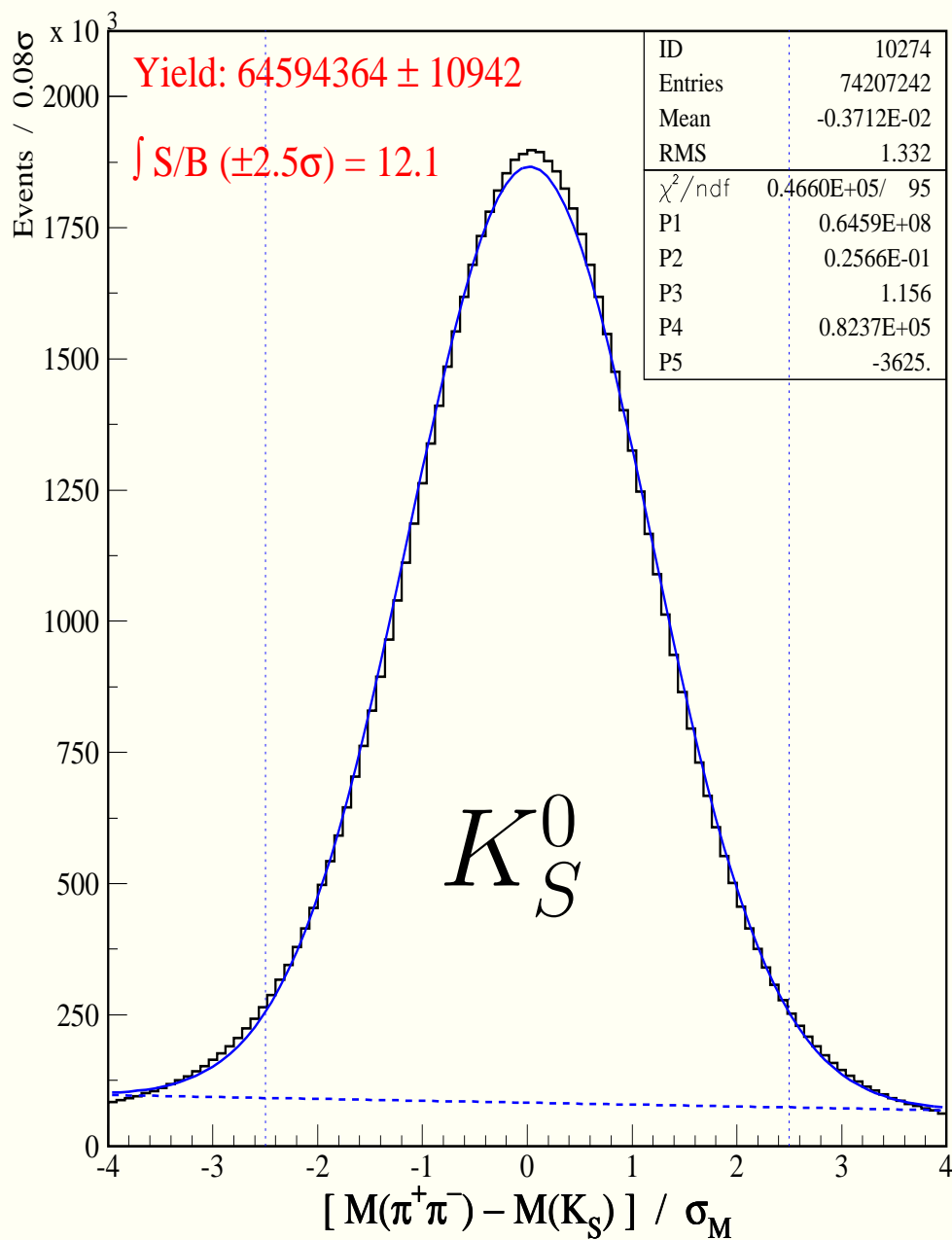
# Summary of $\Theta^+$ mass measurements



# FOCUS analysis: $\Theta(1540)^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0$ search

- Search for  $\Theta^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0$  and compare to  $K^{*+}(892) \rightarrow K_S^0\pi^+$  and  $\Sigma(1385)^\pm \rightarrow \Lambda^0\pi^\pm$  (similar topology)
- Reconstruct  $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  and  $\Lambda^0 \rightarrow p\pi^-$
- Use Čerenkov ID on fast track to separate  $K_S^0$  and  $\Lambda^0$
- Remaining good quality tracks must be consistent with one vertex (CL > 1%) suppressing charm decays and reinteractions
- Various minor clean up cuts applied to vees and charged tracks
- Mass of  $K_S^0$  or  $\Lambda^0$  candidate within  $2.5\sigma$  of nominal mass
- Very stringent Čerenkov ID cut applied to proton in  $pK_S^0$  (misid  $\sim 0$ )

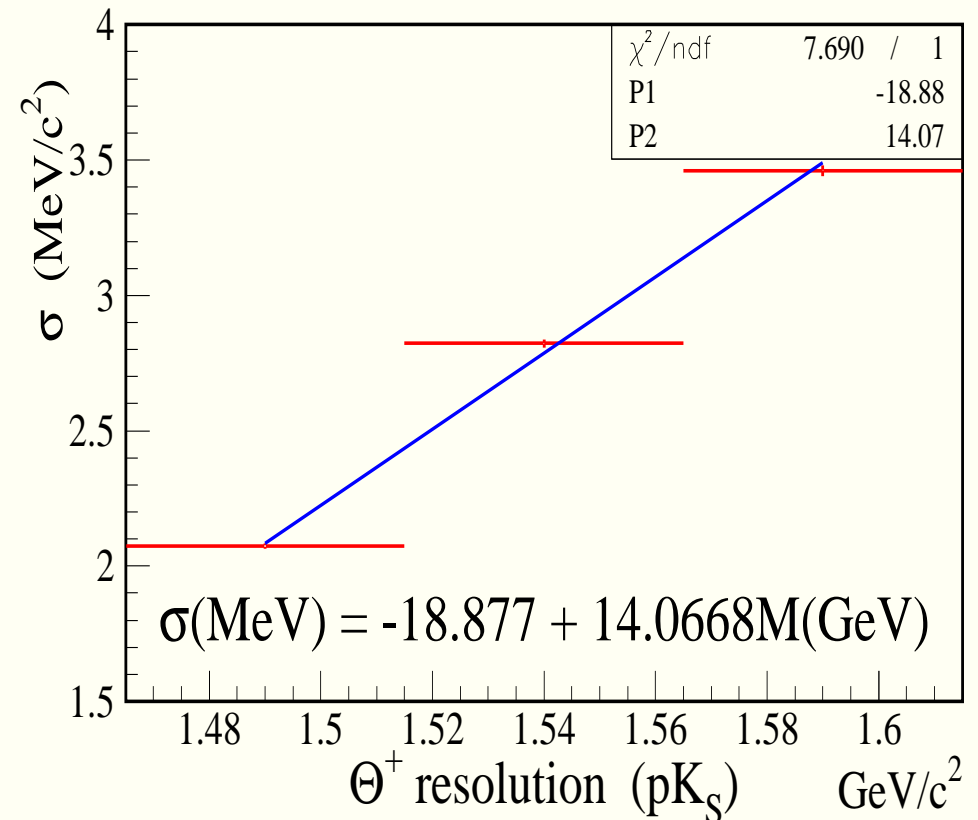
# Vee samples



# Fitting mass plots

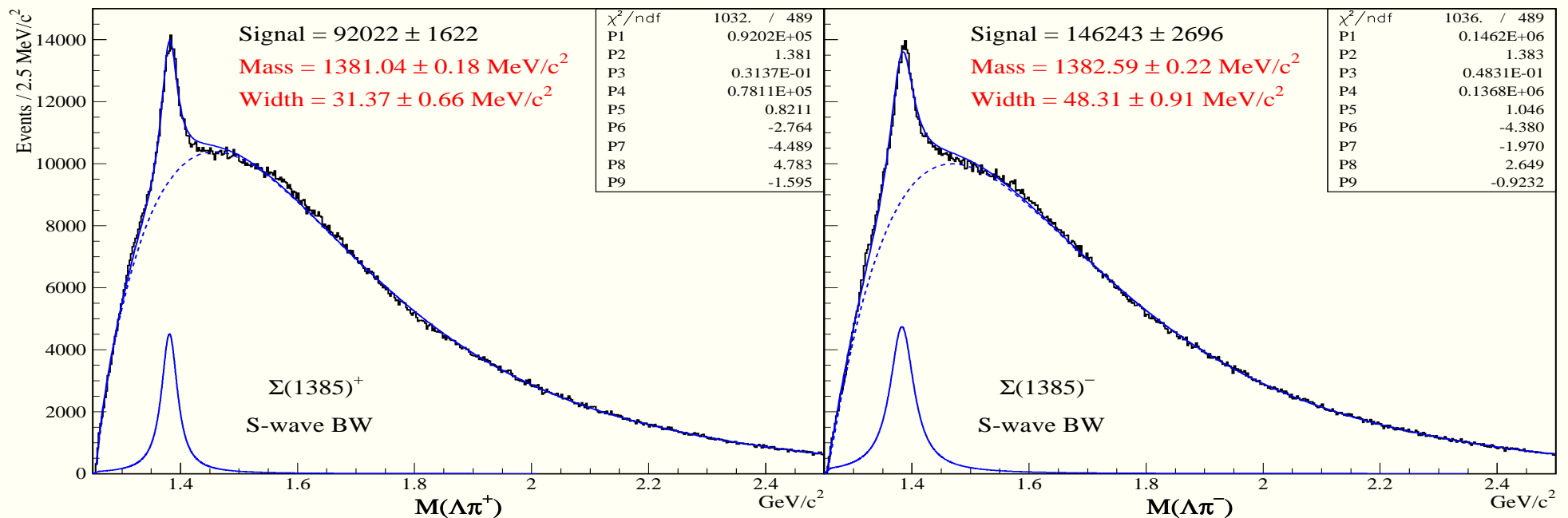
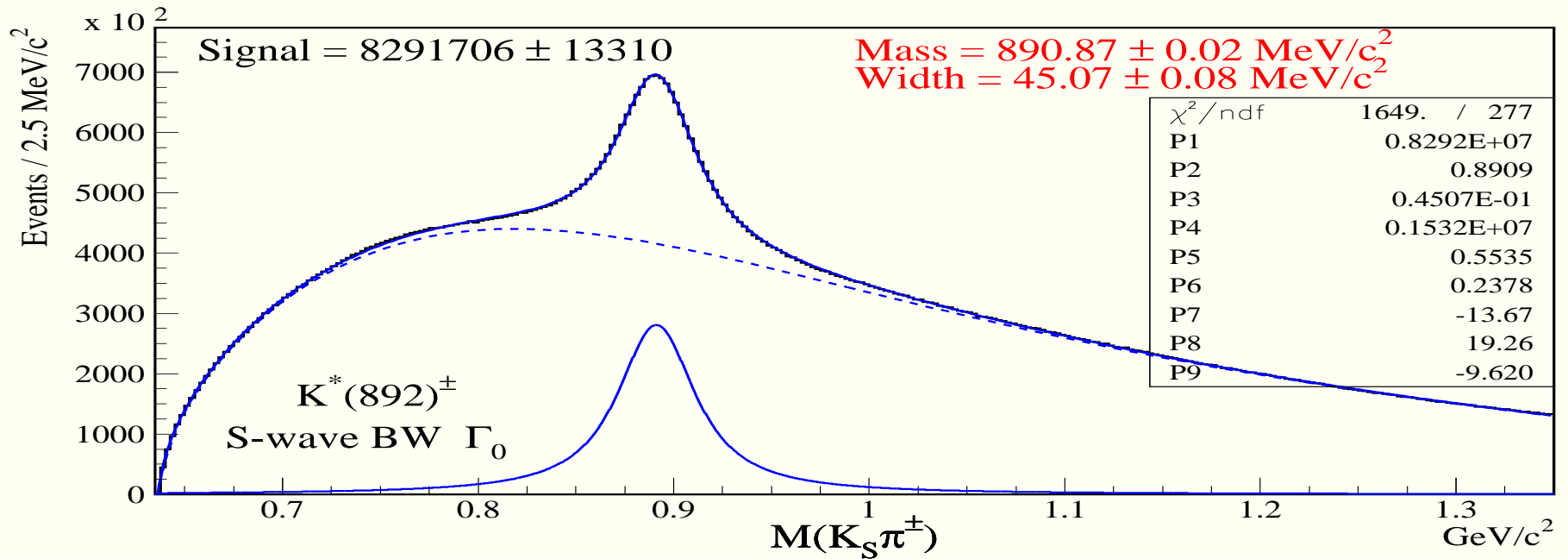
- Mass plots are fit with Breit-Wigner convoluted with the Gaussian resolution (from Monte Carlo)
- $K^*(892)$  and  $\Sigma(1385)$  *should* be P-wave but best fit is simple S-wave Breit-Wigner with energy independent width
- Best (of tried) background shape is  $aq^b \exp(cq + dq^2 + eq^3 + fq^4)$

Decay Mode	Q (MeV)	Resolution (MeV/c <sup>2</sup> )
$K^*(892)^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+$	254	4.9
$\Sigma(1385)^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^+$	128	3.1
$\Sigma(1385)^- \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^-$	132	3.2
$\Theta(1490)^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0$	54	2.1
$\Theta(1540)^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0$	104	2.8
$\Theta(1590)^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0$	154	3.5

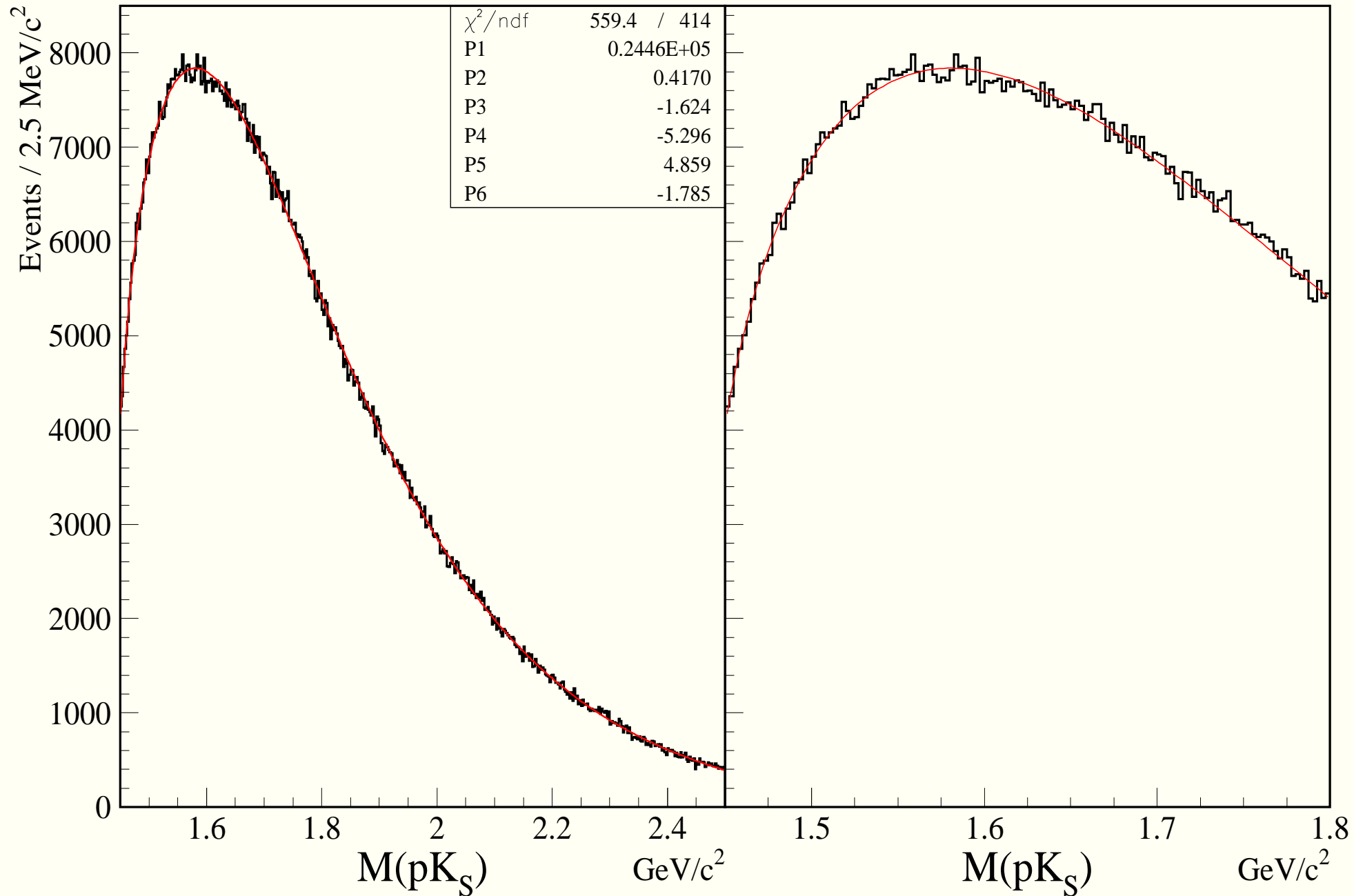




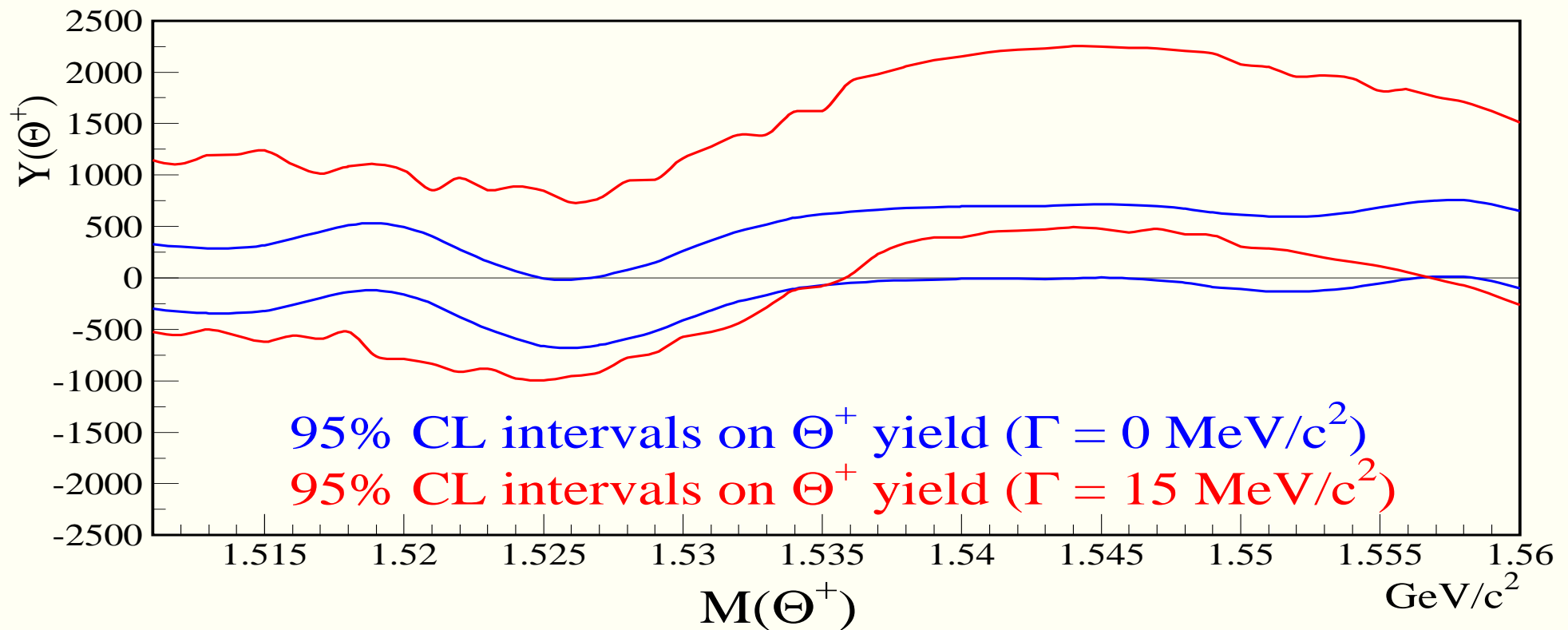
# $K^*(892)^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+$ and $\Sigma(1385)^\pm \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^\pm$ signals



# $\Theta^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0$ search



# Limit on $\Theta^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0$ yield



- Fit for signal in  $1 \text{ MeV}/c^2$  steps from 1511 to 1560  $\text{MeV}/c^2$
- Find where  $-2 \ln \mathcal{L}$  changes by 3.84 w.r.t minimum as yield is varied (allowing other variables to be continually minimized)

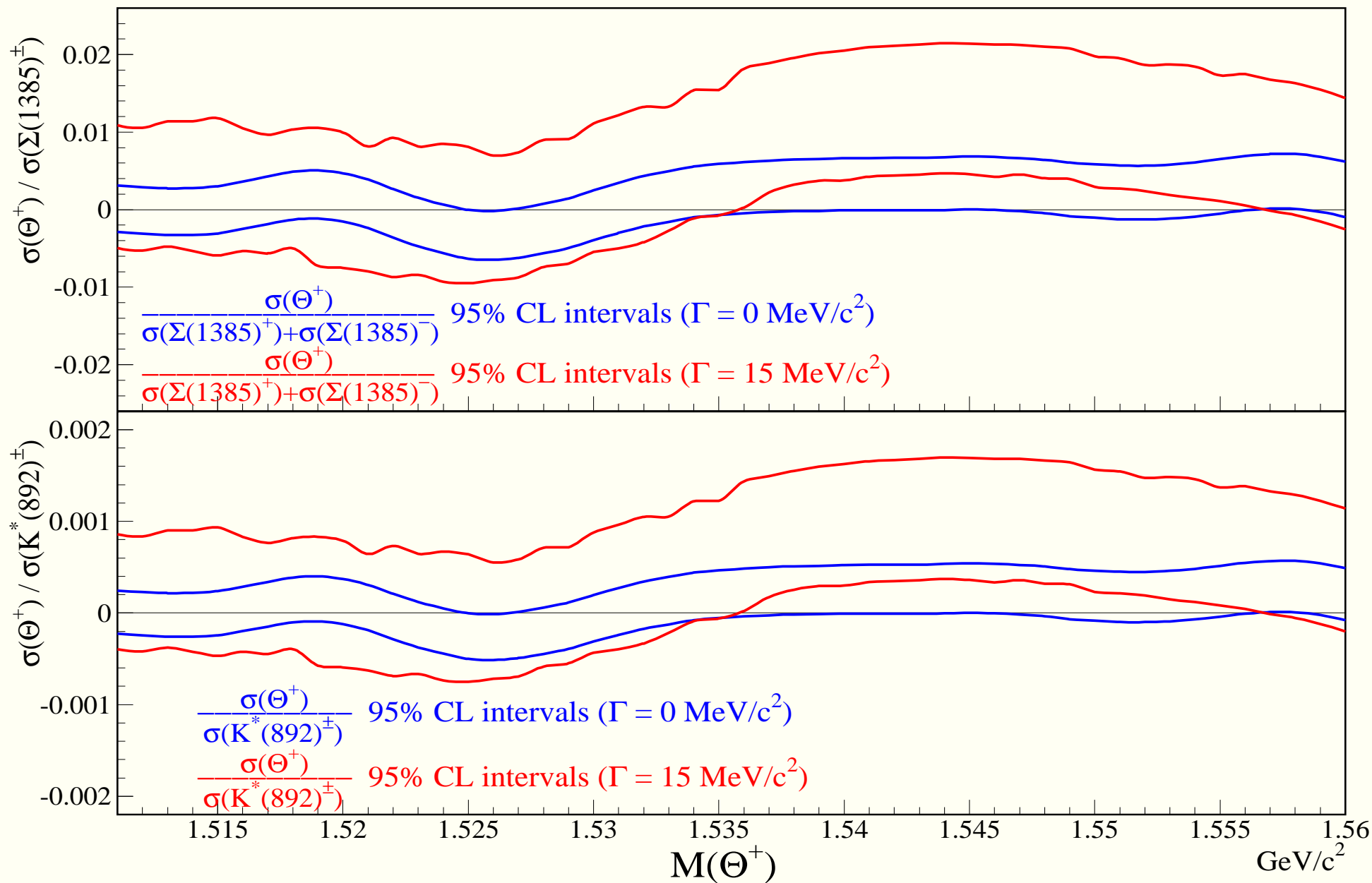
# Corrected yields

Particle Decay	$\langle p \rangle$ GeV/c	Acc $\times \epsilon$	B.R. correction	Reconstructed Yield/Limit	Corrected Yield/Limit
$K^*(892)^+ \rightarrow K_S^0 \pi^+$	19	1.83%	$0.686 \times 0.5 \times 0.666$	$8.3 \times 10^6$	$2.0 \times 10^9$
$\Sigma(1385)^+ \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^+$	10	0.27%	$0.639 \times 0.88$	$9.2 \times 10^4$	$6.1 \times 10^7$
$\Sigma(1385)^- \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^-$	10	0.27%	$0.639 \times 0.88$	$14.6 \times 10^4$	$9.6 \times 10^7$
$\Theta(1540)^+ \rightarrow p K_S^0$					
$\Gamma = 0 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	12	0.39%	$0.686 \times 0.5 \times 0.5$	$<695$	$<1.0 \times 10^6$
$\Gamma = 15 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	12	0.39%	$0.686 \times 0.5 \times 0.5$	$<2154$	$<3.2 \times 10^6$

Decay	B.R.
$K^*(892)^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0 \pi^+$	66.6%
$K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	68.6%
$\bar{K}^0 \rightarrow K_S^0$	50.0%
$\Lambda \rightarrow p \pi^-$	63.9%
$\Sigma(1385)^\pm \rightarrow \Lambda \pi^\pm$	88.0%
$\Theta(1540)^+ \rightarrow p \bar{K}^0$	50.0%

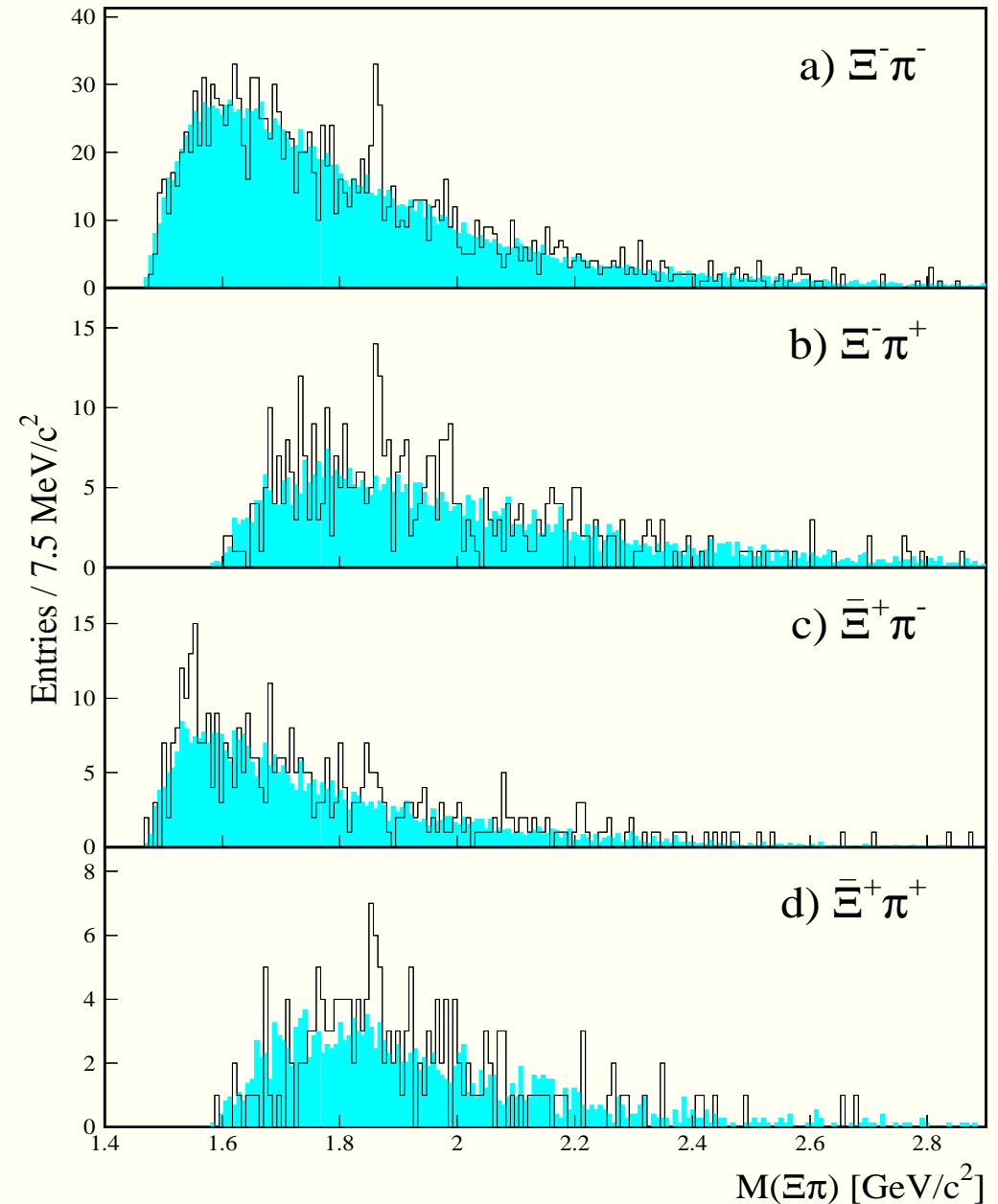
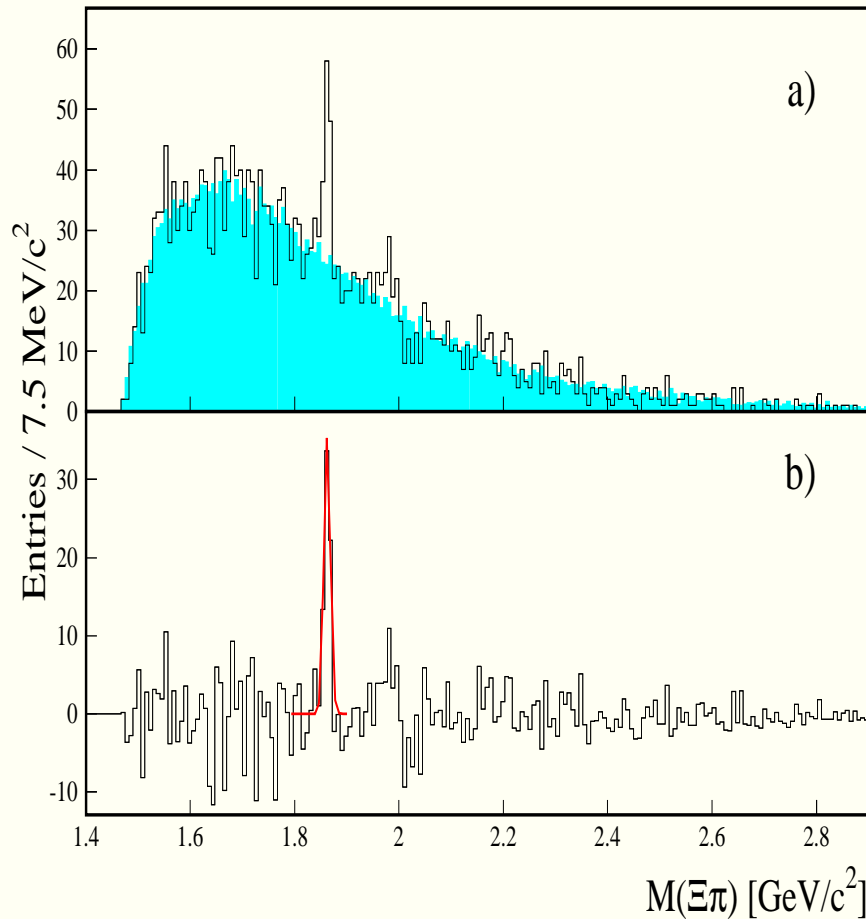
- Events generated by minimum bias PYTHIA  $\gamma-N$  interactions with bremsstrahlung photon spectrum
- $\Theta(1540)^+$  generated as  $\Sigma(1385)^+$

# Limits on $\Theta(1540)^+$ production



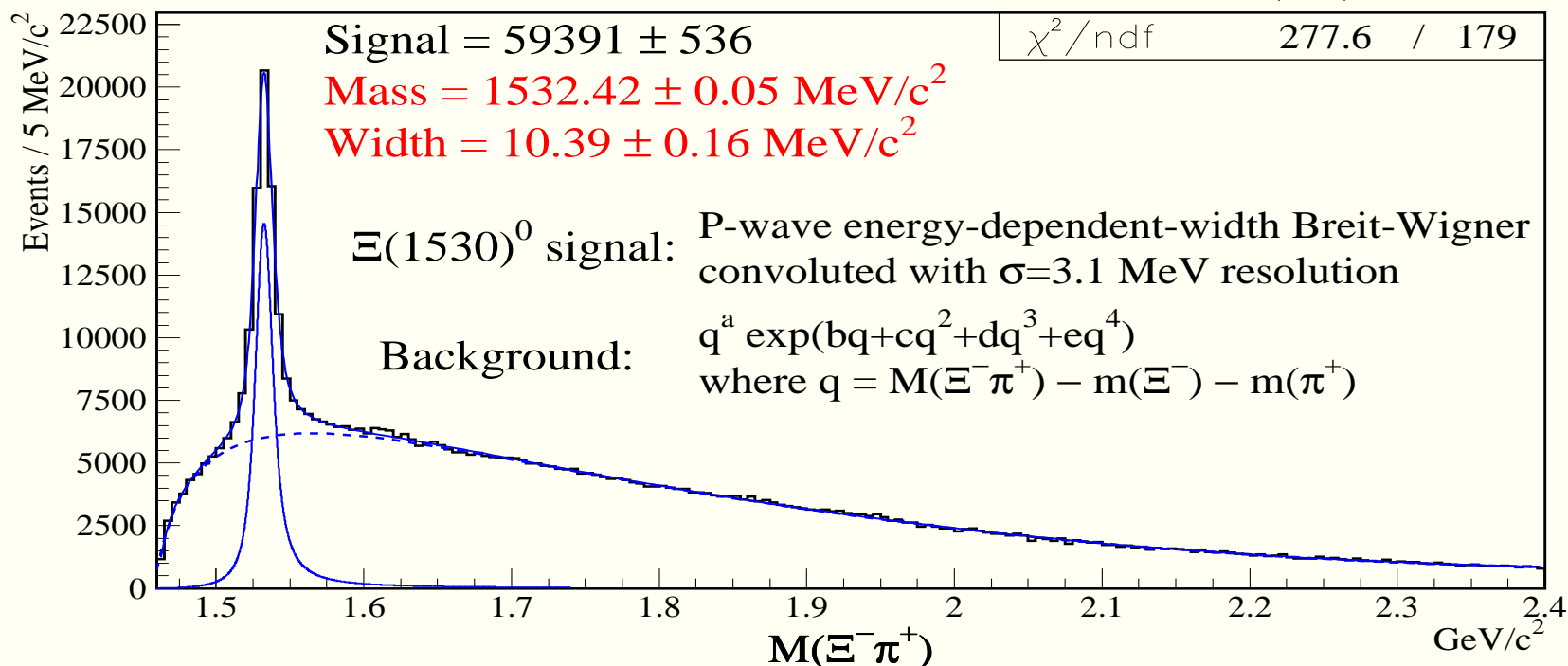
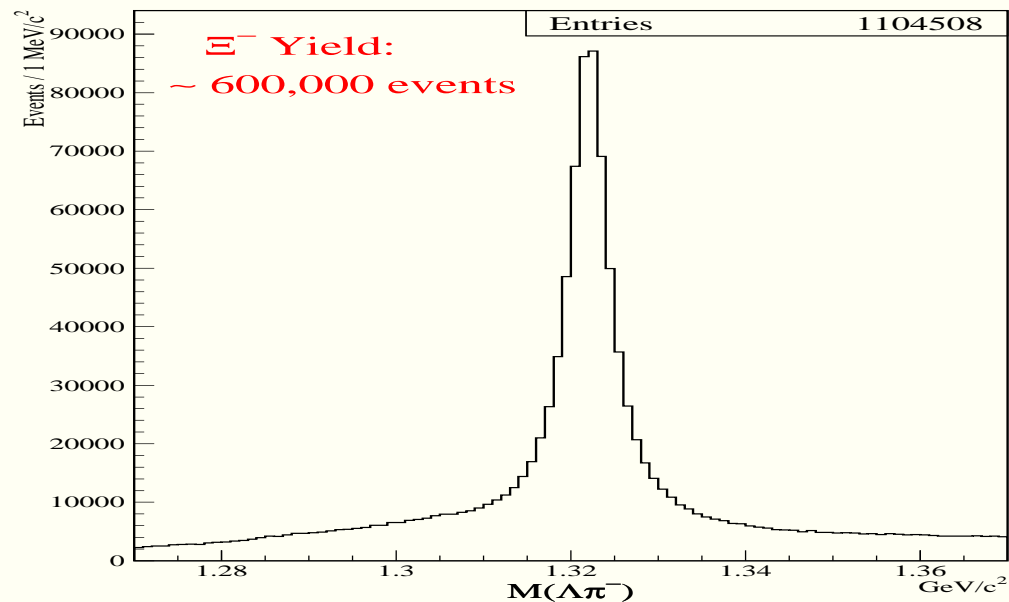
# $S = -2$ pentaquarks ( $\phi(1860)^{--}$ )

- NA49 evidence for  $\phi(1860)^{--} (dds\bar{s}\bar{u})$  and  $\phi(1860)^0$  decaying  $\Xi^- \pi^\pm$
- 158 GeV  $p$  on LH



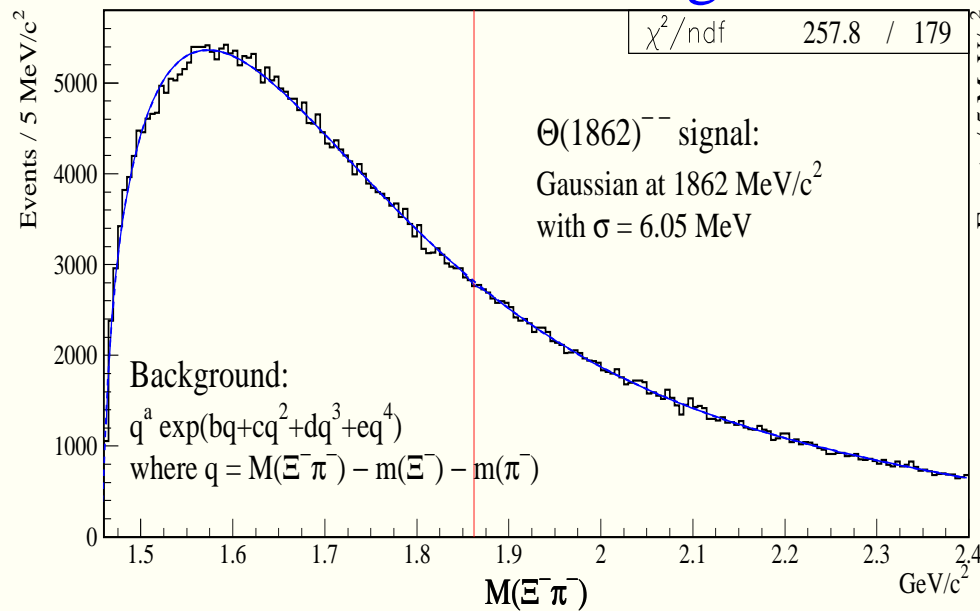
# FOCUS analysis: $\phi(1860) \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^-$ search

- $\sim 600,000 \Xi^- \rightarrow \Lambda^0 \pi^-$  sample
- Vertex  $\Xi^-$  with  $\pi^\pm$  and find production vertex
- Require  $< 4\sigma$  separation between vertices
- In  $\Xi^- \pi^+$ , observe  $\sim 60,000 \Xi(1530)^0$  candidates

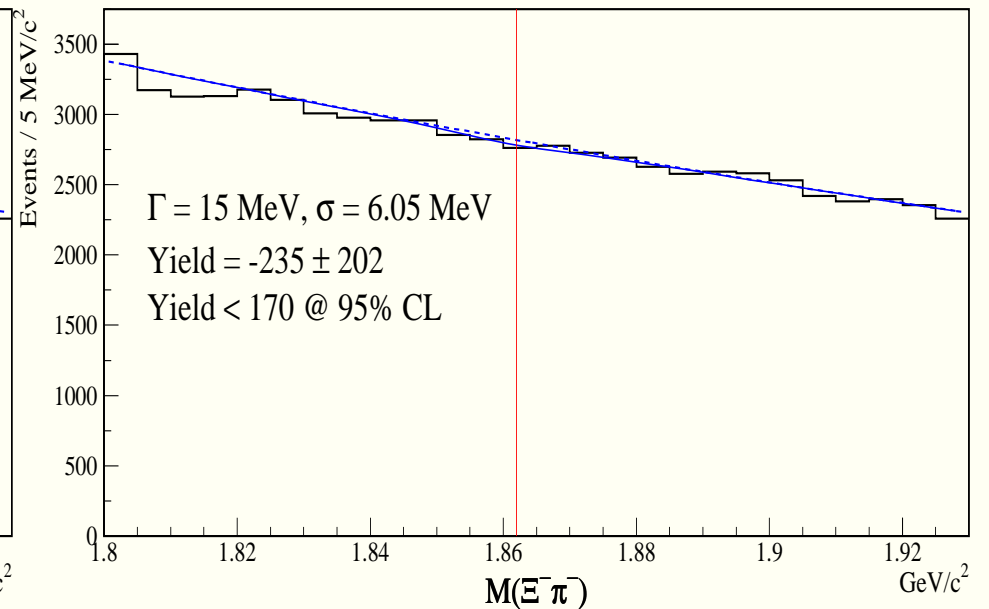
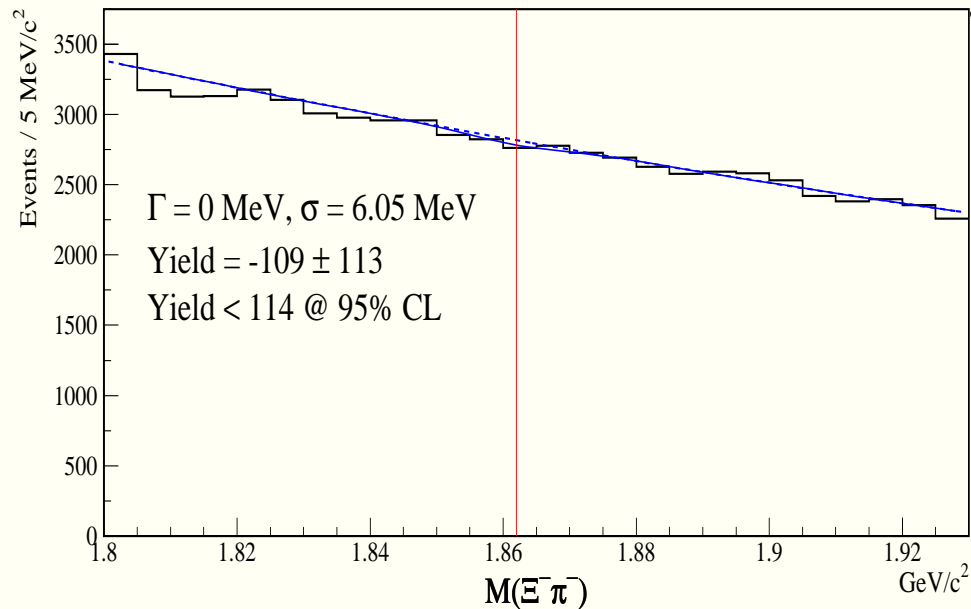
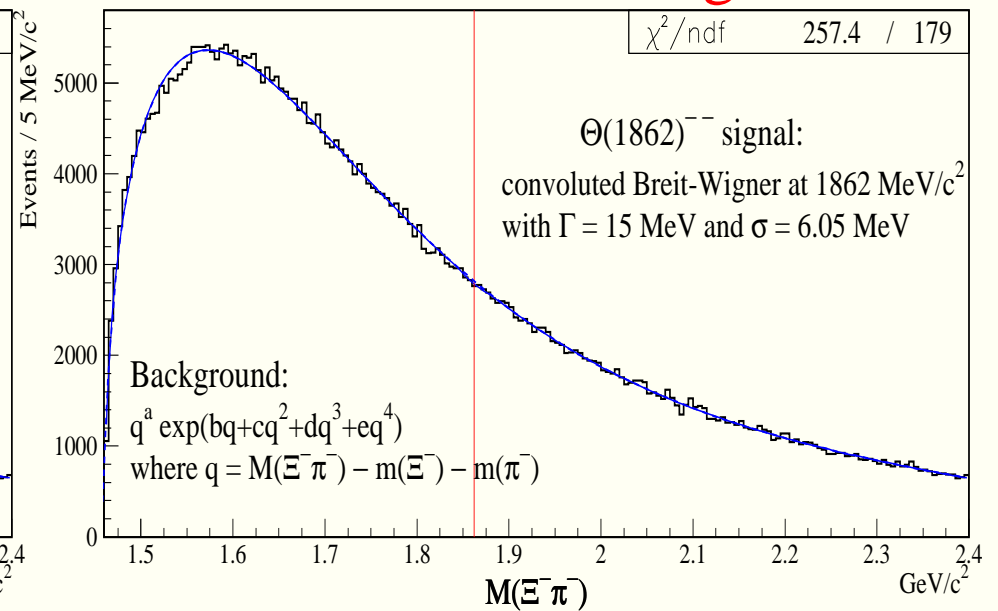


# Results of FOCUS search for $\phi(1860)^{--}$

## Fit to $\Gamma = 0$ MeV signal



## Fit to $\Gamma = 15$ MeV signal





# Limits on $\phi(1860)^{--}$ production

- Using PYTHIA, generate Monte Carlo samples of  $\Xi(1530)^0$  and of  $\phi(1860)^{--}$  (using  $\Xi(1530)^0$ )
- Average momentum is 15 GeV/c
- Efficiency ratio is  $\frac{\epsilon(\phi(1860)^{--} \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^-)}{\epsilon(\Xi(1530)^0 \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^+)} = 0.78$
- Thus, for a  $\phi(1860)^{--}$  produced like  $\Xi(1530)^0$  we obtain the limits:

$$\frac{\sigma(\phi(1860)) \times \mathbf{BR}(\phi(1860) \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^-)}{\sigma(\Xi(1530))} < 0.25\% @ 95\% \text{ CL for } \Gamma = 0 \text{ MeV}$$

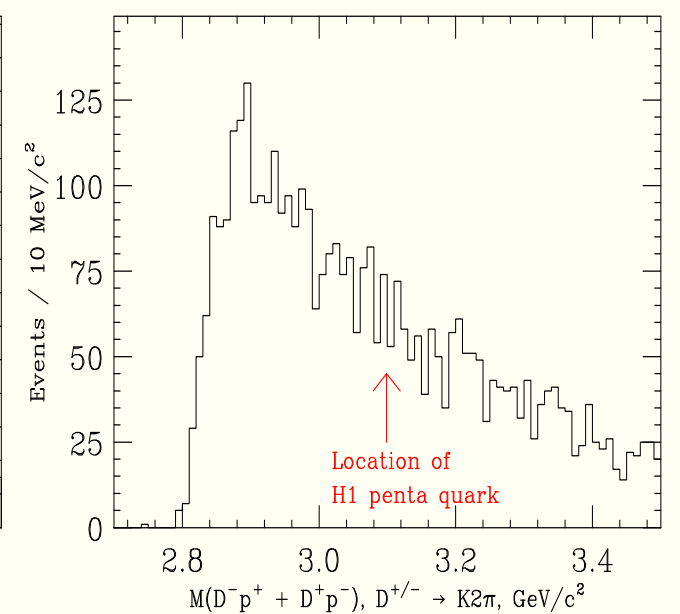
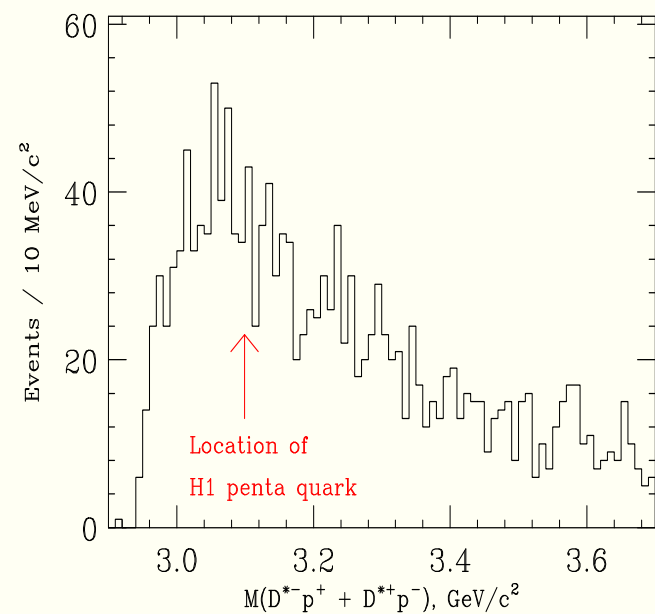
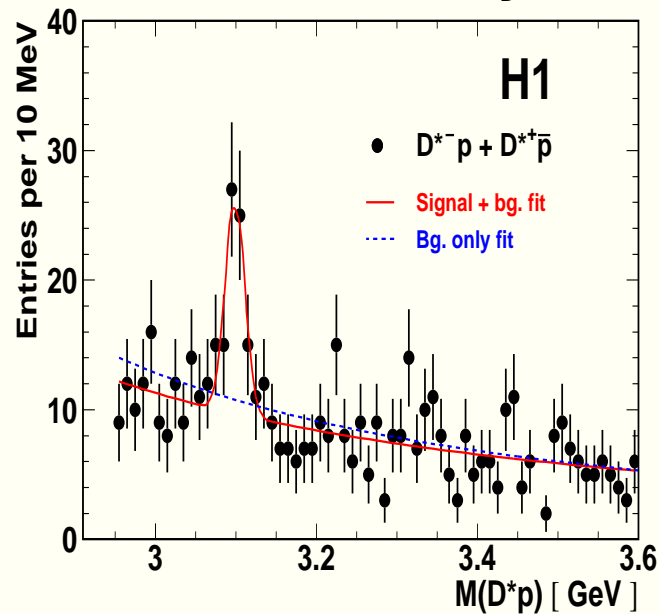
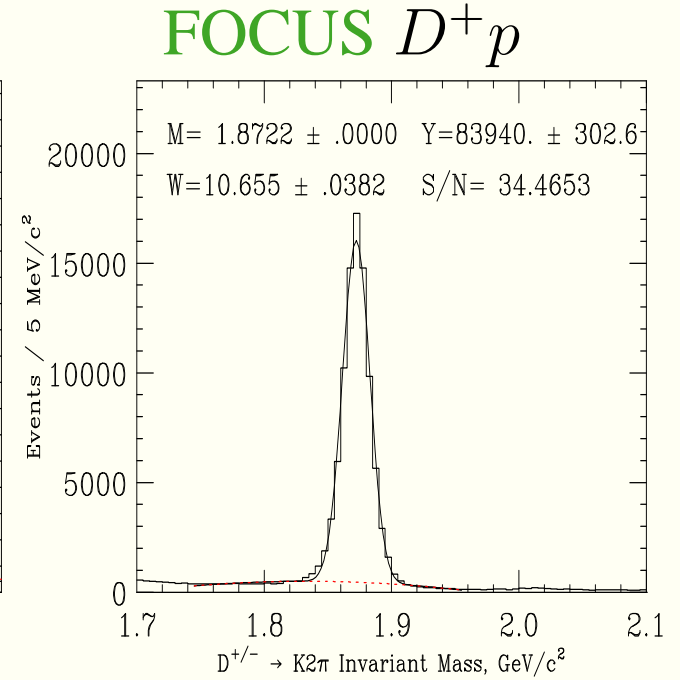
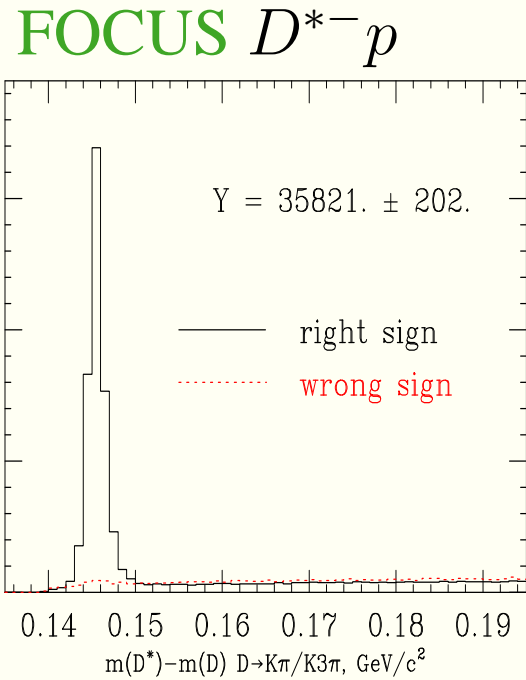
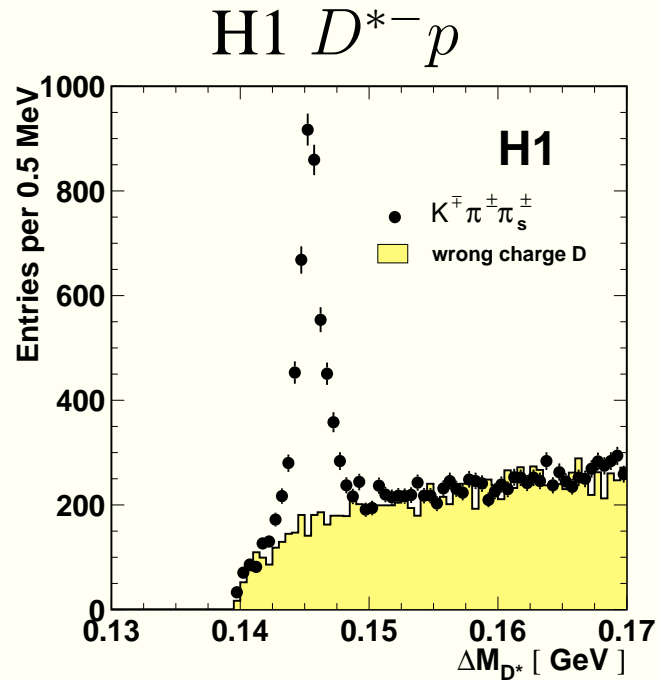
$$\frac{\sigma(\phi(1860)) \times \mathbf{BR}(\phi(1860) \rightarrow \Xi^- \pi^-)}{\sigma(\Xi(1530))} < 0.37\% @ 95\% \text{ CL for } \Gamma = 15 \text{ MeV}$$

- Sharp contrast to NA49 which seems to be  $\gtrsim 50\%$

# Charm pentaquarks

- H1 at HERA reported a  $> 6\sigma$  significant particle at  $3.099 \text{ GeV}/c^2$  decaying to  $D^{*-}p$
- Using a  $D^{*+}$  sample  $10\times$  larger and much cleaner, **FOCUS** searched for this particle
- **FOCUS** also investigated  $D^+p$  decays
- Standard fixed-target charm selection criteria used for  $D^{*+}$  and  $D^+$  reconstruction
- $p$  candidate must originate from production vertex and be positively identified by Čerenkov system

# FOCUS finds no charm pentaquarks



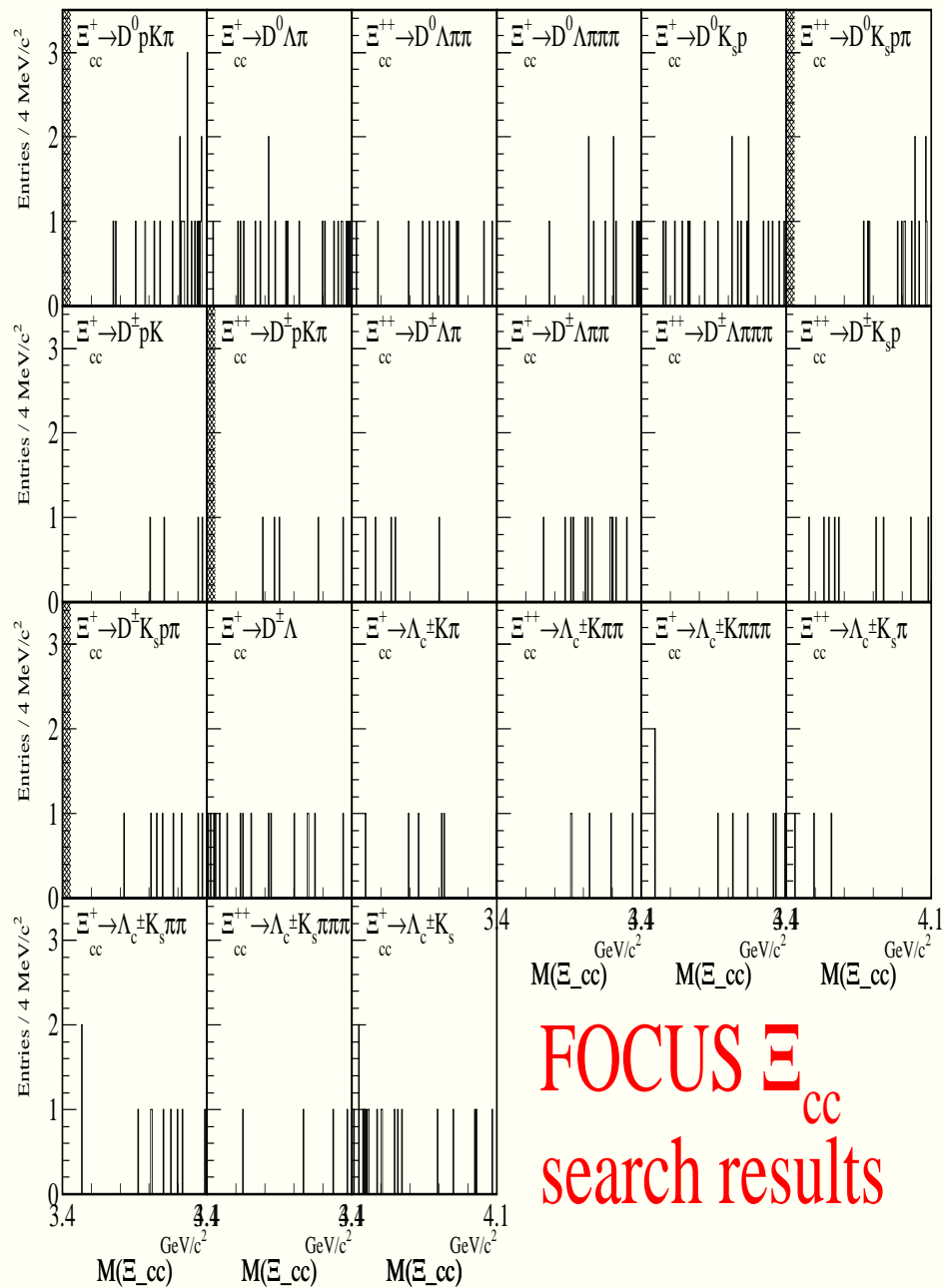
# Double charm baryons

SELEX has reported various observations of double charm baryons. SELEX uses hadron beams and only reconstructs high  $x_F$  particles.

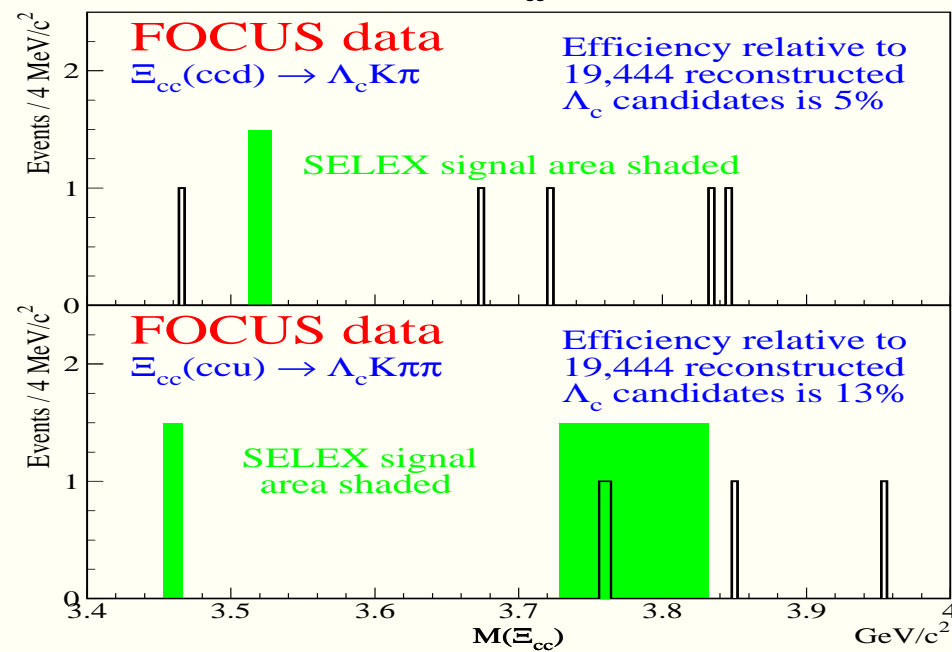
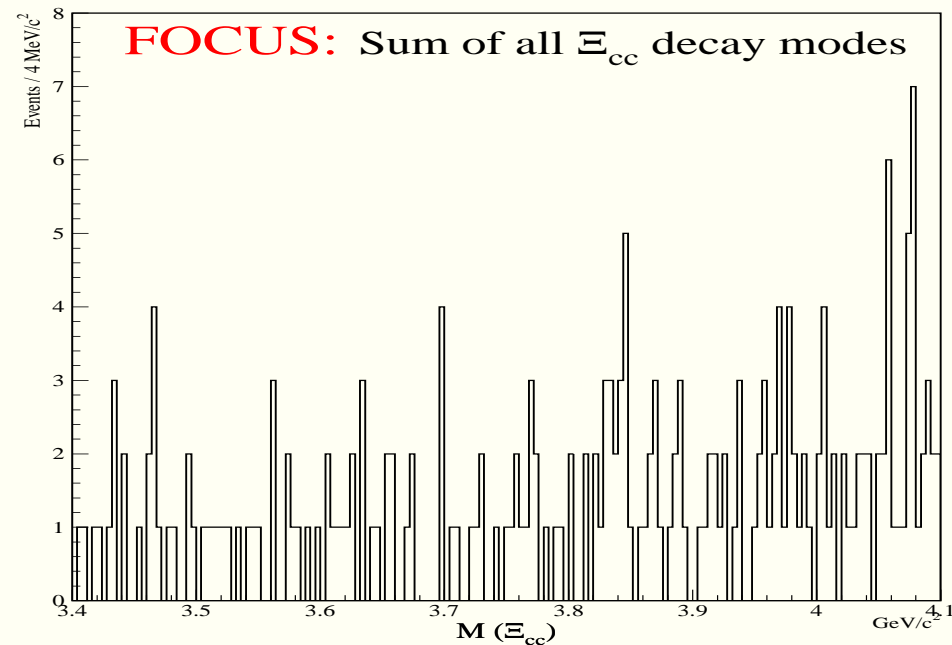
FOCUS analysis:

- Topology consists of three vertices
- Use candidate driven algorithm
- Reconstruct  $D^+$ ,  $D^0$ , or  $\Lambda_c$  requiring a good vertex
- Add tracks to charm vector to search for  $\Xi_{cc}$  decay requiring a good vertex
- Use  $\Xi_{cc}$  vector to find production vertex
- Require separation between all vertices
- Use Čerenkov system to positively identify protons and kaons

# FOCUS $\Xi_{cc}$ search results



FOCUS  $\Xi_{cc}$   
search results



# Double charm baryon production compared

Decay Mode Experiment	$\Xi_{cc}^+ \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ K^- \pi^+$		$\Xi_{cc}^{++} \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$	
	FOCUS	SELEX	FOCUS	SELEX
$\Xi_{cc}$ Events	<2.21 @ 90%	15.8	<2.21 @ 90%	8
Reconstructed $\Lambda_c$	$19,444 \pm 262$	1650	$19,444 \pm 262$	1650
Relative Efficiency	5%	10%	13%	5%
$\Xi_{cc}/\Lambda_c^+$	<0.23% @ 90%	9.6%	<0.09% @ 90%	9.7%
$\frac{\text{SELEX}}{\text{FOCUS}}$ Rel $\frac{\Xi_{cc}}{\Lambda_c}$ Prod	>42 @ 90%		>111 @ 90%	

If the  $\Lambda_c^+ K^- \pi^+$  ( $\Lambda_c^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^+$ ) signal is real, SELEX produces at least 42 (111) times more  $\Xi_{cc}$  baryons relative to  $\Lambda_c$  than FOCUS

# Summary of the FOCUS searches

- No evidence for  $\Theta(1540)^+ \rightarrow pK_S^0$  but reconstructs 8 million  $K^*(892)^+ \rightarrow K_S^0\pi^+$  and 240,000  $\Sigma(1385)^\pm \rightarrow \Lambda^0\pi^\pm$  in similar decay modes
- No evidence for  $\phi(1860)^{--} \rightarrow \Xi^-\pi^-$  but reconstructs 60,000  $\Xi(1530)^0 \rightarrow \Xi^-\pi^+$ , approximately 1,000 times more than the observing experiment
- No evidence for a charm pentaquark decaying to  $D^{*-}p$  or  $D^-p$  with a factor of 10 more  $D^{*+}$  decays than the observing experiment
- No evidence for double charm baryons with a factor of 10 more  $\Lambda_c$  decays than the observing experiment